Amendments to the Specification

Please replace the title as follows:

ELECTRONIC APPARATUS MOBILE TERMINAL PROVIDED WITH ORGANIC ELECTROLUMINESCENT DEVICEAND LIQUID CRYSTAL DEVICES

Please replace paragraphs [0007], [0025], [0030], [0039], and [0055] with the following rewritten paragraphs:

[0007] According to the above structure, the electronic apparatus includes the organic EL device, which has a high energy consumption but allows superior image displays or video displays, and a liquid crystal device, which can display information at a low energy consumption, that are selectively used depending on necessity. It is thereby possible for the electronic apparatus to realize low energy consumption even when the organic EL device is mounted.

[0025] According to the above structure, since a color display is selected as the liquid crystal device, it is possible to increase the image display capacity of the liquid crystal device, and thereby it becomes possible to execute the advanced selective use of the organic EL device and the liquid crystal device based on the type of the information, such as video or still image, the remaining battery capacity, the presence or absence of an electronic charging apparatus, or the like.

the organic EL device, and automatically switches the display of the liquid crystal device when the remaining charge of the battery provided in the electronic apparatus reaches a predetermined remaining charge. According to the above structure, since a device is provided that suspends the above organic EL device which has a larger energy consumption than that of the transflective or reflective liquid crystal display device, the period of time to

drive the electronic apparatus by a battery that has a certain capacity can be lengthened by limiting the driving time of the organic EL device.

[0039] The cathode of the organic EL panel 10 includes a metal having a low work function, such as cadmium (Ca)(Cd), magnesium (Mg), lithium (Li), and barium (Ba).

Furthermore, in order to increase the oxidation resistance and the conductivity, preferably metals or metal oxides that are oxidation resistant and electronically conducting, such as aluminum (Al), gold (Au), silver (Ag), tantalum (Ta), ITO, IZO and the like are laminated or alloyed on the cathode. Here, the cathode is formed by a vacuum vapor deposition method or a sputtering method.

[0055] Here, in the control apparatus 300 of the present embodiment, when the power is supplied from the power circuit 301, the time count is performed based on information from the clock generating circuit 302, and each type of information (primary display information), such as the clock display or a static stand-by image, are output from the liquid crystal display information output circuit 303 to the liquid crystal display information processing circuit 305. Next, in the liquid crystal display information processing circuit 305, each type of display information, such as the clock display or a static stand-by image, are sent to the liquid crystal panel driver circuit 307 after performing processing, such as converting them to data sequences that are suitable for the display. Then, depending on this display data, by applying the voltage to the data line driver circuit 307X and the scan line driver circuit 307Y, the clock display and static stand-by image are displayed on the liquid crystal panel 20.